2.	Dhabol GTCC (4 × 120MW GT + 2 × 140 MW ST) District-Ratnagiri.	March, 1989	The scheme is under examination in the CEA in consultation with the other appraising agencies and could be considered for techno-economic clearance after the requisite inputs have been tied up and necessary clearances have become available.
3.	Dhabol Gas based TPS Unit I&II (2 × 50 MW) District Ratnagiri.	Sept., 1988	MSEB had been advised on 23.2.89 that use of gas in coventional gas fired boilers is less efficient and hence not economical. The gas availability for the schemes is not confirmed. The schemes have been returned to the State authorities.
4.	Thakurali Gas based IPS, Unit I & II (2 × 210 MW)	Sept., 1988	
5.	Uran Gas Turbine Stage-III (8 × 108 MW)	June, 1984	This scheme was returned to the State Electricity Board in January, 1986 as the availability of gas was not confirmed.

Categorisation of Drugs Needed for National Health Programme

2068. SHRIMATI SATYA BAHIN: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that he has instructed to include all the drugs needed for National Health Programme under Category-I; and

(b) if so, by when these drugs will be included?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI M. S. GURUPADASWAMY): (a) and (b) In the first instance, it has been decided to obtain the list of all the drugs required for National Health Programme from the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare.

Revision of Trade Commission

2069. SHRI SANTOSH KUMAR SAHU:
SMT. SATYA BAHIN:

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS be pleased to state:

(a) what was the trade Commission allowed under DPCO, 1979 and what is the trade commission allowed under DPCO, 1987;

(b) what were the main consideration on which the trade commission was revised;

(c) what are the details and the data based on which the commission was revised;

(d) which authority conducted the

study and what is the source from where data were collected;

(e) whether it is a fact that his Ministry did not have the approval from the cabinet for revision of commission; and

(f) if so, what are the reasons thereof?

THE MINISTER OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS (SHRI M. S. GURUPADASWAMY): (a) to (f) Under the Drugs (Prices Control) Order 1979, the manufacturers of drugs formulations, were required to give the following trade margins to the traders.

(i) Wholesalers	— 2% on retail price for all drugs.
(ii) Retailers.	— 10% on non-ethical drugs and — 12% on ethical drugs

Under the Drugs (Prices Control) Order, 1987, the trade margins were revised as under:

(i) Wholesalers	— from 2% to 3% for all drugs
(ii) Retailers.	— from 10% to 15% in the case of non-ethical drugs . — from 12% to 17% for ethical drugs.

The above trade margins were, however, subsequently revised on the basis of the recommendations made by an Inter-Ministerial committee, constituted by this Department in November, 1987 under the Chairmanship of Chairman Bureau of Industrial Costs and Prices to look into the trade margin structure. The recommendations contained in the report of this Inter-Ministerial Committee was accepted by the then Government and the trade margin, which is presently in vogue in terms of para 21(1) of DPCO, 1987 is as under:

21. Prices to the traders—(1) A manufacturer/distributor or wholesaler shall sell a formulation to a retailer, unless otherwise permitted under the provisions of this Order or any order made thereunder, at a price equal to the retail price (excluding excise duty, if any) minus 16% thereof in the case of price controlled drugs.

Under DPCO, 1987, there has been increase in the mark up for Category I and Category II formulations. In order to give benefit of increase of MAPE to the trade also, Government has increased the trade margin but after constituting the Inter-Ministerial Committee which while finalising its recommendations, had taken into consideration suggestions/ representations made by OPPI, IDMA and All India Organisation of Chemists' & Druggists'.

अनियंत्रित औषधियों के मूल्यों पर नियंत्रण रखने के लिए व्यवस्था

2070. **श्री राम जेठमलानी:**
डा० जिनेन्द्र कुमार जैन:

क्या **पेट्रोलियम और रसायन** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या सरकार का ध्यान 29 जनवरी, 1990 के "टाइम्स आफ इंडिया" में "व्हाई प्राइज बेनिफिटस इल्यूड कन्ज़यूमर्स" शीर्षक के अंतर्गत प्रकाशित समाचार की ओर दिलाया गया है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो क्या यह सच है कि पिछले दो वर्षों के दौरान अनियंत्रित औषधियों के कई मिश्रणों के मूल्यों में भारी वृद्धि हुई है और इस संबंध में कानूनी शक्तियों के अभाव में संबंधित सरकारी विभाग इस मूल्य वृद्धि को रोकने में असमर्थ है; और

(ग) यदि हां, तो क्या सरकार इस संबंध में आवश्यक व्यवस्था करके मूल्य वृद्धि को रोकने का विचार रखती है?

पेट्रोलियम और रसायन मंत्री (श्री एम०एस० गुरुपदस्वामी): (क) जी, हां।

(ख) और (ग) मूल्य नियंत्रण-मुक्त औषधों के मूल्यों में कुछ वृद्धि हुई है, लेकिन सरकार कड़ी निगरानी रख रही है और जब कभी कोई असामान्य वृद्धि जानकारी में आती है तो हस्तक्षेप करती है। मूल्य नियंत्रित औषधों की स्थाई समिति द्वारा पुनरीक्षा की जा रही है।